ZHANYING

SINCE 1992

CATALOGUE 2027

Built for Grain. Since 1992.

Grain cleaning, destoning and grading equipment — built in Ninghai, China

Ninghai Eagle Grain Machinery Co., Ltd

www.nhzhanying.com

Grain cleaning since 1992

ABOUT ZHANYING

Founded in Ninghai, Zhejiang in 1992. Machining, assembly, painting and factory testing all take place in our 10,000 m² works in Huangtan — the complete machine is built under one roof.
Three product lines: cleaning, destoning and grading, with matching auxiliary equipment. Machines are sold across China and exported worldwide.



Production and dispatch

Works	10,000 m² in Huangtan, Ninghai, Zhejiang
Getting here	20 min from the G15 exit · 1 h from Ningbo
Product lines	cleaning · destoning · grading · auxiliary
Installed at	rice mills from 30 to 500 t/day
Certifications	ISO 9001:2015 · 4 patents (design and utility)

Four stages, in sequence

PROCESS

Four stages, in a fixed order: pre-cleaning, cleaning, destoning, grading. Whatever one stage leaves is handled by the next.

Pre-cleaning — Coarse impurities first

The first stage after intake. A slow-turning drum holds back straw, string and clods and discharges them at the reject end while grain falls through the perforations. Removing coarse material here cuts wear and wrapping on everything downstream.

Cleaning — Sized by width and thickness, then by terminal velocity

Perforations sort by width and thickness; the air channel separates by terminal velocity. The two are set independently, so removal does not drift with moisture and needs no re-tuning when the crop changes.

Destoning — Stones sink, grain floats

Air fluidises the deck: grain is lifted and carried forward, stones of similar size settle and leave by the reverse outlet. Air volume follows the grain's terminal velocity, so stones do not travel on into the mill.

Grading — Sharper grading costs head rice

The harder the deck throws the grain, the sharper the separation and the more broken rice. Rotary motion keeps grains gliding instead of bouncing — throughput traded for head rice yield.

Certifications and patents


ISO 9001 (CN)

ISO 9001 (EN)


Design patent


Design patent


Utility model

Utility model


Credit rating

Certificate images show the address before October 2026. The works has moved to Dexing Road.

Contents

CATALOGUE 2027

02	Process line	From paddy to white rice	5
03	Cleaning	TQLZ vibrating · TQLM rotary	6
04	Destoning	TQSX suction · TQSZ vibrating	10
05	Grading	MMJM rotary · MMJX · MMJX-BS	14
06	Pre-cleaning	SC drum cleaner	20
07	Specifications	All models and data	22
08	Selection	How to choose a machine	24
09	Service	Warranty and support	25
10	Contact	Where to find us	26
11	Disclaimer	Data basis and legal terms	27

Reference values are for normal paddy conditions. Send a grain sample before selection — the model is confirmed after a screening test.

Six stages, one line

PROCESS LINE

Throughput is set by the smallest stage in the line, not the largest.

1 Pre-cleaning

SC drum cleaner

A drum holds back straw and stones; grain falls through.



■ Coarse out

2 Cleaning

TQLZ · TQLM

Sized by width and thickness, then light matter by air.



■ Coarse, fine, light out

3 Destoning

TQSX · TQSZ

Air fluidises the bed; stones sink and leave.



■ Stones out

4 Husking · Milling

Supplied separately

Husking and whitening — not covered here.



■ Brown rice → white rice

Not covered

5 Grading

MMJM · MMJX

Gentler motion, less breakage.



■ Head rice separated

6 Sorting · Packing

Supplied separately

Colour sorting and bagging — not covered here.



■ Finished white rice

Not covered

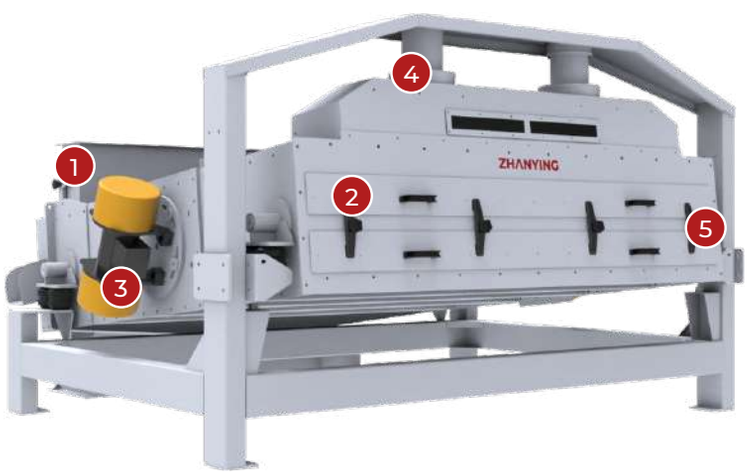
■ Our equipment ■ Supplied separately

TQLZ Vibrating Cleaning Sieve

CLEANING

5–25 t/h	2	2×0.25–0.75
Capacity	Decks	Installed power

Whatever gets past this stage does not disappear. It comes back as worn husker rolls, broken rice and a colour sorter working harder than it needs to.
TQLZ takes out coarse, fine and light matter in a single pass. A straight-line deck sizes by width and thickness. An air stream lifts the light fraction out before the grain ever reaches the mill.



TQLZ200

1 **Vertical aspiration channel**
Separates by terminal velocity

2 **Upper sieve**
Sorts by width and thickness

3 **Vibration motors**
Twin motors, adjustable amplitude

4 **Feed hopper**
Twin inlets, symmetrical

5 **Suspension**
Spring-mounted, isolated

What you get

Set once for the season

Motors sit either side of the deck, so it tracks straight. Amplitude adjusts to the crop — no machine swap when the impurity load changes.

Air and sieve, independent

Aspiration works on terminal velocity, the deck on size. Change one and the other stays where you set it.

Even loading, full width

Twin inlets spread grain across the whole deck, so the ends work as hard as the middle.

Reference values for normal paddy conditions. Subject to the contract and the documents supplied with the machine.

TQLZ Vibrating Cleaning Sieve

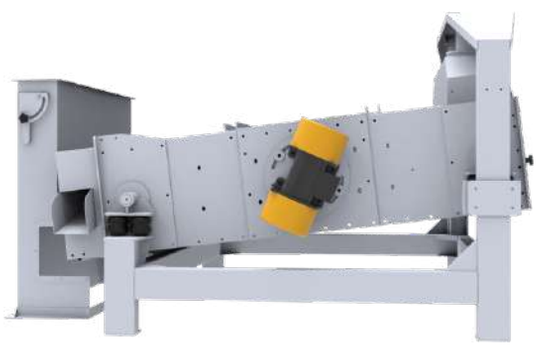
CLEANING · FOUR VIEWS AND SPECIFICATIONS



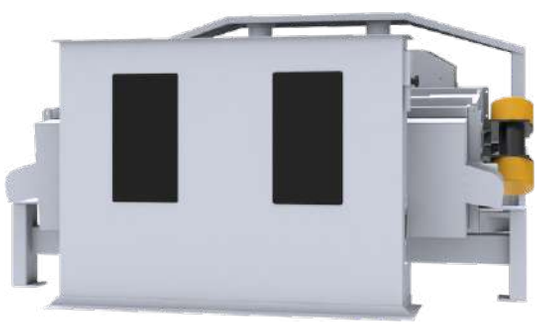
Front 45°



Front



Side



Rear

Model	Capacity t/h	Air volume m³/h	Power kW
TQLZ80	5–8	2,400–3,000	2×0.25
TQLZ100	8–12	3,600–4,200	2×0.25
TQLZ125	12–15	4,800–5,400	2×0.37
TQLZ150	15–18	6,000–6,600	2×0.55
TQLZ180	18–22	6,600–7,200	2×0.75
TQLZ200	22–25	7,200–7,800	2×0.75

Which size?

The range covers 5–25 t/h: TQLZ80 at 5–8 t/h, TQLZ200 at 22–25 t/h. Air volume rises with the model. Check it against the spare capacity of your aspiration network rather than sizing the fan to the upper limit.

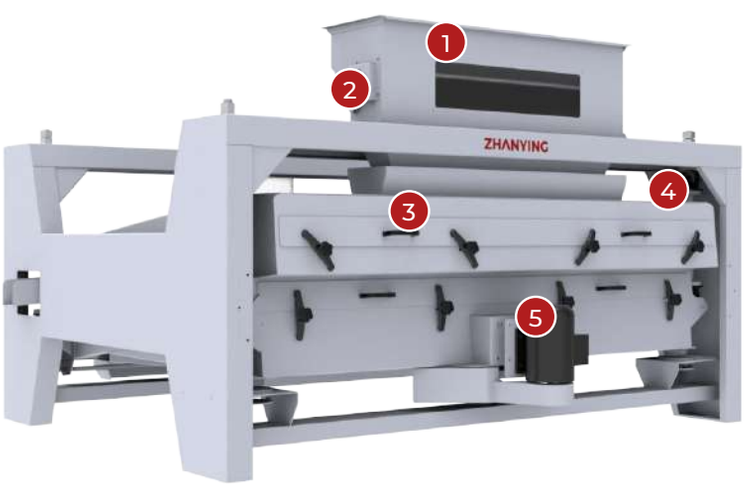
Sieve perforation is chosen to suit the grain and the impurities. Send a sample before ordering; the

TQLM Plane Rotary Sifter

CLEANING

6–16 t/h	2	0.75–1.1 kW
Capacity	Decks	Installed power

TQLZ throws the grain. TQLM lets it travel.
The whole sieve box circles in the horizontal plane, so grain spirals across the deck instead of hopping down it. A longer path, a thinner bed, more time on the mesh. The box hangs on universal-joint rods: almost nothing reaches the building, which matters upstairs and in mills that share a floor.



TQLM200

1 **Feed hopper**
Spreads grain evenly

2 **Feed adjustment handle**
Sets the feed rate

3 **Upper sieve**
Sorts by width and thickness

4 **Suspension rods**
Universal-joint suspension

5 **Drive motor**
V-belt drive

What you get

Gentle circular travel

Circular travel carries grain across the deck in a spiral. Longer screening path, thinner bed, nothing bouncing at the ends.

Minimal vibration

Universal-joint rods carry the whole box. Vibration into the structure is lower than with any reciprocating machine.

Compact footprint

2,020 mm long, 0.6–1 m shorter than TQLZ. TQLM150 covers about 3.84 m² — small enough for an upper floor or a narrow bay.

Reference values for normal paddy conditions. Subject to the contract and the documents supplied with the machine.

TQLM Plane Rotary Sifter

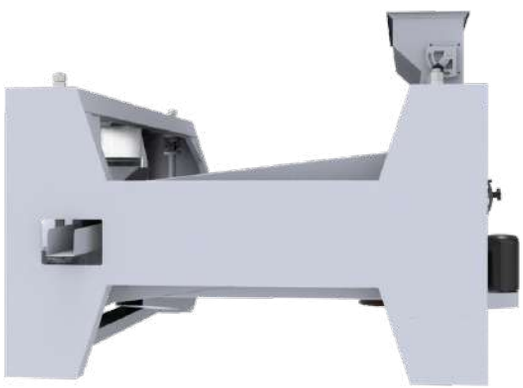
CLEANING · FOUR VIEWS AND SPECIFICATIONS



Front 45°



Front



Side



Rear

Model	Capacity t/h	Air volume m³/min	Power kW
TQLM80	6	30+15	0.75
TQLM100	8	40+20	0.75
TQLM125	10	55+25	0.75
TQLM150	12	70+32	0.75
TQLM180	14	80+35	1.1
TQLM200	16	90+40	1.1

Which size?

The range covers 6–16 t/h: TQLM80 at 6 t/h, TQLM200 at 16 t/h. Above 16 t/h choose TQLZ — it reaches 25 t/h in a longer body, which is a question of building depth.
Sieve perforation is chosen to suit the grain and the impurities. Send a sample before ordering.

TQSX Suction Destoner

DESTONING

4–12 t/h	850–1,680	0.75–1.1 kW
Capacity	Screen width mm	Installed power

A stone the size of a paddy grain falls at almost the same speed. No sieve separates the two, and air alone will not either.
TQSX floats the bed instead. Air lifts the grain and carries it forward; stones sink and work their way back out of the machine. Air and sieve do different jobs, and neither setting fights the other.



TQSX168

1 **Feed hopper**
Spreads grain evenly

2 **Aspiration inlet**
Light matter drawn off

3 **Inspection window**
Watch material and stones

4 **Rubber bushes**
Carry the deck, isolate the frame

5 **Discharge outlet**
Grain leaves the machine

What you get

Stones out, grain through

Air fluidises the bed. Grain rides forward; stones sink and leave at the reverse outlet.

Light impurities first

A settling chamber under negative pressure takes out dust and chaff before the sieve ever sees them.

Low headroom

1,805–1,890 mm — 100–210 mm lower than TQSZ. In older buildings that decides the question.

Reference values for normal paddy conditions. Subject to the contract and the documents supplied with the machine.

TQSX Suction Destoner

DESTONING · FOUR VIEWS AND SPECIFICATIONS



Front 45°



Front



Side



Rear

Model	Capacity t/h	Air volume m³/h	Power kW
TQSX85	4–6	3,200–3,400	0.75
TQSX100	5–7	3,800–4,100	0.75
TQSX125	7–9	5,400–6,200	1.1
TQSX168	9–12	9,100–9,600	1.1

Which size?

4–12 t/h: TQSX85 at 4–6 t/h, TQSX168 at 9–12 t/h. Below 7 t/h use TQSX85 or TQSX100; TQSZ starts at TQSZ125, 7 t/h.

Air volume is the total for one machine. Size it against your actual aspiration network, not against the fan's rated output.

TQSZ Vibrating Destoner

DESTONING

7–12 t/h	1,468–1,757	2×0.25–0.37
Capacity	Machine width mm	Installed power

Twin motors drive the deck in a straight line. The bed sorts itself by weight: stones work down and back to their own outlet, grain rides the top and leaves with the product.
Stones that reach the mill come back as broken rice and worn parts. Here they never get that far.



TQSZ150

1 **Feed hopper**
Spreads grain evenly

2 **Aspiration inlet**
Takes off light matter

3 **Inspection window**
Watch material and stones

4 **Vibration motors**
Twin motors, adjustable amplitude

5 **Stone outlet**
Stones leave separately

What you get

Straight stroke, clean cut

A linear stroke stratifies the bed by density: stones down and back, grain up and out.

Separate stone outlet

The stone outlet is separate, so nothing re-enters the product stream downstream.

Runs on existing air

5,400–13,000 m³/h of aspiration, with enough tolerance of pressure swings to run off an existing network.

Reference values for normal paddy conditions. Subject to the contract and the documents supplied with the machine.

TQSZ Vibrating Destoner

DESTONING · FOUR VIEWS AND SPECIFICATIONS



Front 45°



Front



Side



Rear

Model	Capacity t/h	Air volume m³/h	Power kW
TQSZ125	7–9	5,400–6,300	2×0.25
TQSZ150	9–10	7,100–9,600	2×0.25
TQSZ175	10–11	9,000–11,000	2×0.25
TQSZ200	11–12	11,000–13,000	2×0.37

Which size?

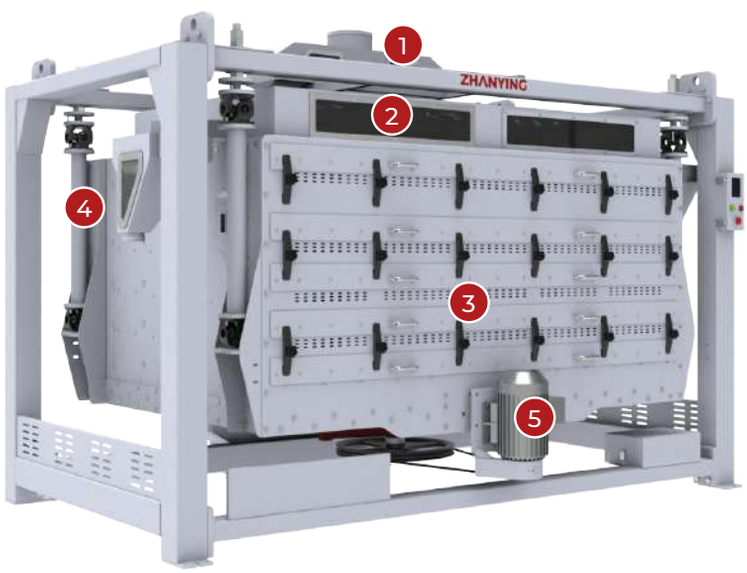
7–12 t/h: TQSZ125 at 7–9 t/h, TQSZ200 at 11–12 t/h; below 7 t/h use TQSX85 or TQSX100.
It tolerates swings in air pressure better than TQSX and can share the line's aspiration network.

MMJM Rotary Rice Grader

GRADING

4–15 t/h	5+1	1.5–2.2 kW
Capacity	Decks	Installed power

Every time a deck throws the grain, some of it breaks. Sharper separation costs head rice. The trade-off cannot be avoided; the ratio can.
MMJM replaces the throw with a circle. Grains glide across the deck instead of bouncing off it, and six decks do in one machine what usually takes two.



MMJM240x(5+1)

1 **Feed inlet**
Spreads grain evenly

2 **Inspection window**
Check bed depth

3 **Screen box**
5+1 decks

4 **Suspension rods**
Universal-joint suspension

5 **Drive motor**
V-belt drive

What you get

Grains glide, not bounce

Circular motion keeps grains on the deck surface instead of in the air. Less impact, less breakage.

Six decks, one machine

Five grading decks and one finishing deck: both stages in a single pass, not two machines with a lift between them.

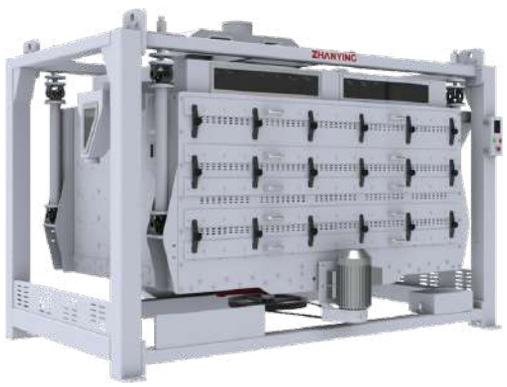
Check the headroom

2,331–2,450 mm tall, over 700 mm more than MMJX. Leave room above it for screen changes.

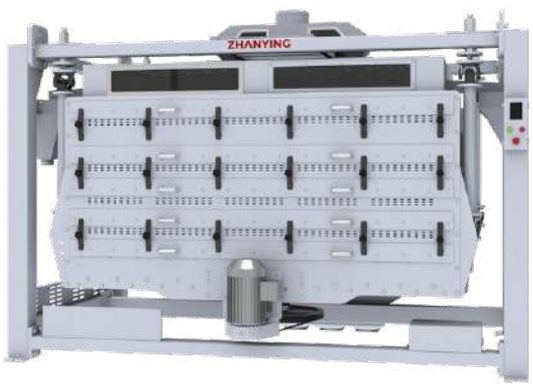
Reference values for normal paddy conditions. Subject to the contract and the documents supplied with the machine.

MMJM Rotary Rice Grader

GRADING · FOUR VIEWS AND SPECIFICATIONS



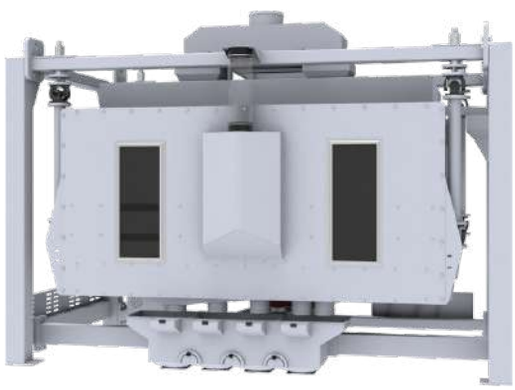
Front 45°



Front



Side



Rear

Model	Capacity t/h	Decks	Power kW
MMJM125x(5+1)	4–6	5+1	1.5
MMJM160x(5+1)	8–10	5+1	1.5
MMJM180x(5+1)	9–11	5+1	2.2
MMJM200x(5+1)	10–12	5+1	2.2
MMJM240x(5+1)	13–15	5+1	2.2

Which size?

4–15 t/h: MMJM125x(5+1) at 4–6 t/h, MMJM240x(5+1) at 12–15 t/h. Above 10 t/h only MMJM covers it — MMJX tops out at 10 t/h.

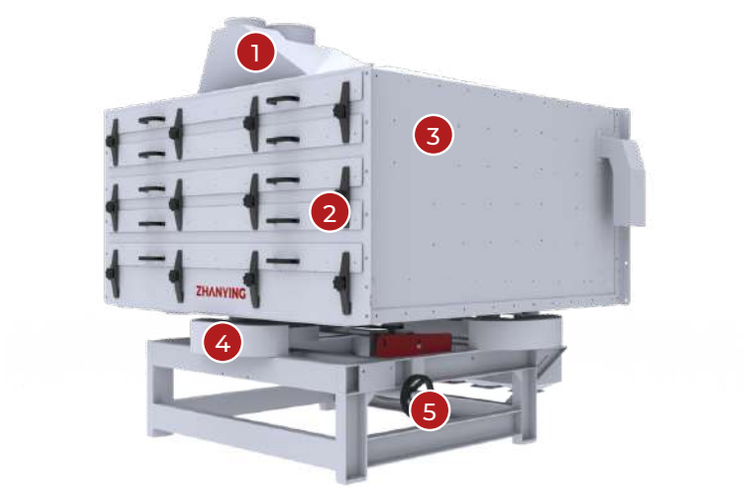
Where floor height is tight, look at MMJX first: it stands over 700 mm lower.

MMJX Rice Precision Sifter

GRADING

3.3–6 t/h	5	1.1–1.5 kW
Capacity	Decks	Installed power

The fifth deck buys one more grade. Everything else — frames, drive, base, spout connections — is the machine you already run, standing 70 mm taller.
In a re-grading project, that is usually the entire discussion.



MMJX150x5

1 **Feed inlet**
Spreads grain evenly

2 **Clamp handles**
Tool-free screen change

3 **Screen box**
5 decks

4 **Belt guard**
Covers the drive belt

5 **Tension adjustment**
Handwheel sets belt tension

What you get

One grade more

Five decks instead of four: four-grade separation plus the blending the market keeps asking for.

Same base as the four-deck

Same frames, same drive, same base. One more deck, no new foundation, no new spouts.

Tool-free screen change

Clamp handles open without tools, so decks follow whatever grades are selling this month.

Reference values for normal paddy conditions. Subject to the contract and the documents supplied with the machine.

MMJX Rice Precision Sifter

GRADING · FOUR VIEWS AND SPECIFICATIONS



Front 45°



Front



Side



Rear

Model	Capacity t/h	Decks	Power kW
MMJX100x5	3.3	5	1.1
MMJX112x5	4.2	5	1.1
MMJX125x5	5	5	1.1
MMJX150x5	6	5	1.5

Which size?

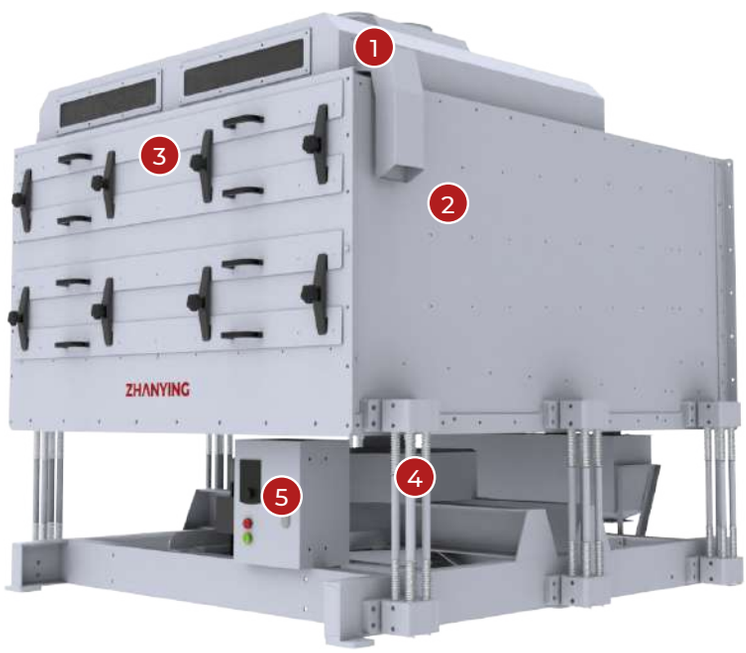
Four sizes cover 3.3–6 t/h. Capacity and power match the four-deck model of the same size — the difference is one extra screening stage.
Choose the four-deck version when two or three grades are enough, and save 70 mm of height.
MMJX has no aspiration of its own; the outlet connects to the line's network.

MMJX-BS Strut-type Sifter

GRADING

4–8 t/h	4+1	1.1–1.5 kW
Capacity	Decks	Installed power

Four grading decks and a finishing deck, carried on six spring struts. Struts, not a rotating body — a different machine from the four-deck, despite the shared prefix.
It stands 363–514 mm taller. Where headroom allows, that is the only cost.



MMJX-BS150x(4+1)

1 **Feed inlet**
Spreads grain evenly

2 **Screen box**
4+1 decks

3 **Clamp handles**
Tool-free screen change

4 **Spring struts**
Six-point support

5 **Control box**
VFD speed control

What you get

One finishing deck added

Four grading decks plus one finishing deck: one grade more than the four-deck machine.

Spring struts, not rotary

Six spring struts, matching the four-deck, so a change of size does not change the installation.

Variable speed optional

A VFD is optional — set it to the feed rate and the grade spec in front of you.

Reference values for normal paddy conditions. Subject to the contract and the documents supplied with the machine.

MMJX-BS Strut-type Sifter

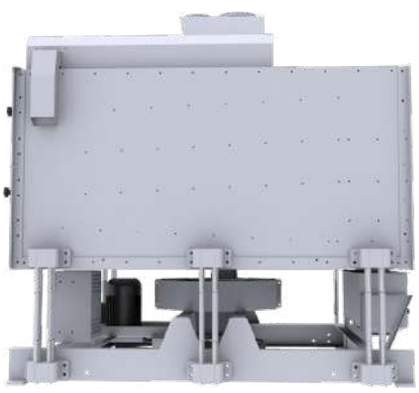
GRADING · FOUR VIEWS AND SPECIFICATIONS



Front 45°



Front



Side



Rear

Model	Capacity t/h	Decks	Power kW
MMJX-BS120x(4+1)	4–6	4+1	1.1
MMJX-BS150x(4+1)	6–8	4+1	1.5

Which size?

Two sizes cover 4–8 t/h: 120x(4+1) at 4–6 t/h, 150x(4+1) at 6–8 t/h. The body is 1,673 and 1,824 mm tall — 363 and 514 mm more than the four-deck. Choose it where headroom allows.
For two or three grades the four-deck does the job and stands lower.

SC Drum Pre-cleaner

PRE-CLEANING

30–45 t/h	1,800×1,800	2.2 kW
Capacity	Drum diameter mm	Installed power

The cheapest place to stop a problem is the first metre of the line. A drum, turning slowly, catches straw, string and the clods that arrive with the lorry.
Skip it and the bill arrives downstream: torn screens, wrapped conveyors, a line stopped mid-season.



SC180N

1 **Inspection door**
Opens onto the drum

2 **Screen check window**
Watch mesh wear

3 **Observation window**
Watch feed and wrapping

4 **Bottom discharge outlet**
Grain through the mesh

What you get

Interception at intake

A slow-turning drum holds back coarse material and discharges it before it reaches an elevator.

Protects what follows

Torn screens and wrapped conveyors are the usual bill for coarse material left in the stream.

Two windows, two jobs

One shows mesh wear, one shows feed and wrapping. You know which before you open anything.

Reference values for normal paddy conditions. Subject to the contract and the documents supplied with the machine.

SC Drum Pre-cleaner

PRE-CLEANING · FOUR VIEWS AND SPECIFICATIONS



Front 45°



Front



Side



Rear

Model	Capacity t/h	Dimensions mm	Power kW
SC180N	30–45	3,030×1,964×2,334	2.2

Which size?

SC is built for one duty: 30–45 t/h for raw grain with a high coarse fraction. It discharges to TQLZ or TQLM downstream.

All models

SPECIFICATIONS

Model	Category	Capacity t/h	Power kW
TQLZ80	Cleaning	5–8	2×0.25
TQLZ100	Cleaning	8–12	2×0.25
TQLZ125	Cleaning	12–15	2×0.37
TQLZ150	Cleaning	15–18	2×0.55
TQLZ180	Cleaning	18–22	2×0.75
TQLZ200	Cleaning	22–25	2×0.75
TQLM80	Cleaning	6	0.75
TQLM100	Cleaning	8	0.75
TQLM125	Cleaning	10	0.75
TQLM150	Cleaning	12	0.75
TQLM180	Cleaning	14	1.1
TQLM200	Cleaning	16	1.1
TQSX85	Destoning	4–6	0.75
TQSX100	Destoning	5–7	0.75
TQSX125	Destoning	7–9	1.1
TQSX168	Destoning	9–12	1.1
TQSX120x2	Destoning	8–10	2×0.25
TQSX150x2	Destoning	10–12	2×0.37
TQSZ125	Destoning	7–9	2×0.25
TQSZ150	Destoning	9–10	2×0.25
TQSZ175	Destoning	10–11	2×0.25
TQSZ200	Destoning	11–12	2×0.37
MMJM125x(5+1)	Grading	4–6	1.5
MMJM160x(5+1)	Grading	8–10	1.5
MMJM180x(5+1)	Grading	9–11	2.2
MMJM200x(5+1)	Grading	10–12	2.2
MMJM240x(5+1)	Grading	13–15	2.2
MMJP80x3	Grading	2.1	1.1
MMJP100x3	Grading	3.3	1.1
MMJX80x4	Grading	2.1	1.1

Capacity is a reference value for normal paddy conditions; for HZXZ it is the paddy figure at pre-cleaning. Overall dimensions are given on each series page. Subject to the contract and the documents supplied with the machine.

All models

SPECIFICATIONS (CONTINUED)

Model	Category	Capacity t/h	Power kW
MMJX100x4	Grading	3.3	1.1
MMJX112x4	Grading	4.2	1.1
MMJX125x4	Grading	5	1.1
MMJX150x4	Grading	6	1.5
MMJX200x4	Grading	7.5–8.5	2.2
MMJX200x4 (extended)	Grading	8–9	2.2
MMJX225x4	Grading	8–10	2.2
MMJX100x5	Grading	3.3	1.1
MMJX112x5	Grading	4.2	1.1
MMJX125x5	Grading	5	1.1
MMJX150x5	Grading	6	1.5
MMJX-BS80x4	Grading	2.1	0.75
MMJX-BS100x4	Grading	3.3	1.1
MMJX-BS120x(4+1)	Grading	4–6	1.1
MMJX-BS150x(4+1)	Grading	6–8	1.5
MKXS-B125x2	Auxiliary	1.1	1.1
MKXS-B150x2	Auxiliary	1.5	1.5
HZXZ150x250	Auxiliary	15–30	3
HZXZ200x250	Auxiliary	20–40	3
SC180N	Auxiliary	30–45	2.2
GKTL45	Auxiliary	0.9–1.2	—
GKTL60	Auxiliary	1.2–1.4	—
GKTL80	Auxiliary	1.4–1.7	—
GKTL100	Auxiliary	1.9	—
KXFL45	Auxiliary	0.45	—
KXFL60	Auxiliary	0.6	—
KXFL80	Auxiliary	0.77	—

Capacity is a reference value for normal paddy conditions; for HZXZ it is the paddy figure at pre-cleaning. Overall dimensions are given on each series page. Subject to the contract and the documents supplied with the machine.

How to choose

SELECTION

Two questions settle most of it: what has to come out, and how much has to go through. Everything else is layout — floor height, footprint, and the aspiration network you already have.

By impurity to remove

Straw, stones, string
SC drum pre-cleaner
first stage at intake

Coarse, fine and light
TQLZ / TQLM
sieve plus vertical aspiration

Stones of grain size
TQSX / TQSZ
fluidised bed, reverse outlet

Broken and other grades
MMJM / MMJX / MMJX-BS
grading decks by length

By throughput

4–6 t/h
TQSX85 · MMJM125 · MMJX-BS120

7–12 t/h
TQLZ125 · TQSZ125 · TQSX168

15–25 t/h
TQLZ150–200 · TQLM150–200

30–45 t/h
SC180N (pre-cleaning only)

What we need from you

- **Grain and origin**
  variety, origin, impurity type
- **Moisture**
  at harvest and after storage
- **Building**
  floor height, footprint, existing aspiration network
- **Impurity level**
  current percentage, and how it varies by season
- **Target output**
  tonnes per day and shifts, or t/h

Selection is confirmed after a screening test on a sample of your grain.

From selection to dispatch

SERVICE

One-year warranty on the complete machine, from the date of invoice. Scope and response are as agreed in the contract.

1 **Selection support**

Send us a grain sample. A screening test sets the model and the sieve perforation from measured impurity, not from a table.

2 **Setting before dispatch**

Air volume, amplitude and sieve configuration are set for the grain you actually run, not left at a factory default.

3 **Factory acceptance**

Every machine is trial-run before packing. Current, air volume and amplitude are recorded machine by machine and travel with it. You are welcome at our works to watch.

4 **Parts and training**

Screens, suspension rods and vibration motors are held in stock for immediate dispatch. Your engineers are welcome at our works for hands-on training on screen changes and deck faults.

> Most faults are settled before anyone travels: a video call, the commissioning record that shipped with the machine, and a part on its way. Where that is not enough, we work through your service team.

Warranty covers manufacturing defects. Wear parts and damage from operation are excluded.

Contact

WHERE TO FIND US

+86 574 6556 8945

Monday to Saturday, 08:00–17:30 China time (UTC+8) · sales, selection, service

Works	No. 79 Dexing Road, Huangtan Town Ninghai, Ningbo, Zhejiang, P.R. China
Sales and selection	+86 574 6556 8945 · +86 153 5607 6714
Service	+86 137 3884 7497
Fax	+86 574 6551 2528
Email	nhzylj@aliyun.com
Web	www.nhzhanying.com

What we need to quote

Grain variety and origin, current impurity level, moisture, target output in tonnes per day, and the machine you are replacing, if any. With those five we can name a model and a sieve configuration on the phone.

Scan for the website

Full specifications, manuals and troubleshooting notes. 3D models of every machine are linked from each model page.

Disclaimer

DATA BASIS AND LEGAL TERMS

1. Product images, structural diagrams and technical data in this catalogue are provided for selection reference only and do not constitute a contractual offer. The signed contract, the technical agreement and the technical documents supplied with the machine shall prevail in all respects.
2. Capacity, impurity removal rate, stone removal rate and comparable figures vary with grain variety, impurity content, moisture, sieve configuration and the standard of operation and maintenance. Values stated are reference values under specific conditions and do not constitute a guarantee of performance.
3. Product images may show optional and decorative parts. The machine as delivered from the factory is definitive.
4. We continuously improve our products and reserve the right to change structure, technical data and configuration without prior notice.
5. We reserve the right to clarify or correct the content of this catalogue. The most recent printing prevails.
6. This catalogue is published in Chinese and English. In case of any discrepancy between the two versions, the Chinese version shall prevail.

Basis of the data in this catalogue

Air volume Cleaning sieves are rated in m^3/h at the aspiration outlet; the figure is for one machine, not for the line.
Capacity Stated for normal paddy. It varies with impurity content, moisture and sieve configuration, and is not a guarantee of performance.
Weight Refer to the factory weighing note: net weight, shipping weight and weight with options differ. Weights are supplied with the quotation, not printed here.

Any question on the content of this catalogue should be confirmed in writing with our sales department. Verbal statements do not form part of the contract.

ZHANYING

SINCE 1992

Cleaning · Destoning · Grading · Auxiliary

+86 574 6556 8945

www.nhzhanying.com

Ninghai Eagle Grain Machinery Co., Ltd

No. 79 Dexing Road, Huangtan Town, Ninghai, Ningbo, Zhejiang, P.R. China